PHYSICS 110A, WINTER 2017 ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM

Assignment Five, Due Friday, February 16, 5:00 pm.

- [1.] Griffiths Problem 7, Chapter 3.
- [2.] Griffiths Problem 12, Chapter 3.

[3.] Find the analytic solution of the one-dimensional Poisson equation with $\rho(x) = 12 \epsilon_0 x^2$,

$$-\frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2} = 12\,x^2,$$

with boundary conditions $\phi(0) = \phi(1) = 0$. What is the value of the quantity,

$$E = \int_0^1 \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{d\phi}{dx} \right)^2 - 12x^2 \phi \right] dx ?$$

and what is its physical significance?

[4.] (extra credit) Solve problem 3 numerically. Use dx = 0.1. Make a plot containing $\phi(x)$ at a few times during the course of the iteration, and also containing the analytic solution. (I will talk about this problem on Wednesday in the "problem session" if you need guidance.)

[5.] (extra, extra credit) Solve Laplace's equation $\nabla^2 \phi = 0$ for the potential $\phi(x, y)$ for the square region in the figure, with the boundary conditions shown. Use the iterative method discussed in class, whose form in d = 2 (with $\rho = 0$) is,

$$\phi(i,j) = \frac{1}{4} [\phi(i+1,j) + \phi(i-1,j) + \phi(i,j-1) + \phi(i,j+1)] .$$

Use dx = 0.1 and a = 1. Compare your solution with the analytic one obtained in class by plotting the two results for $\phi(x, y = a/2)$, 0 < x < a on the same graph. Make a second graph comparing the analytic and numeric solutions for a vertical cut, $\phi(x = a/2, y)$, 0 < y < a.

